|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Managerial accounting reports must be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 2. Managerial accounting uses only past data in reports to aid management in the decision-making process.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 3. Managerial accounting information includes both historical and estimated data.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 4. Although finance and accounting professionals often work within verticals and other horizontals, they do not normally report directly to the heads of those units or departments.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 5. A diagram of the operating structure of an organization is called an organization chart.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. The functions reporting to the CFO sometimes are grouped together and referred to as *corporate finance*.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 7. In smaller companies, the term *controller* may be used to refer to the chief financial officer.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8. A staff department or unit is one that provides services, assistance, and advice to the departments with line or other staff responsibilities.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 9. Horizontals are departments within a company that are responsible for developing products.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 10. While no two company structures are identical, most large companies are organized in terms of verticals and diagonals.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. Verticals prepare their own income statements.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 12. Managerial accounting reports are designed to meet the specific needs of a company’s management.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 13. Planning is the process of monitoring operating results and comparing actual results with the expected results.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 14. Planning is the process of developing the company’s objectives or goals and translating these objectives into courses of action.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 15. Controlling deals with choosing goals and deciding how to achieve them.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 16. Controlling is the process of monitoring operating results and comparing actual results with the expected results.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 17. Managers use managerial information to evaluate performance of a company’s operation.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 18. Managerial information is for external as well as internal stakeholders.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 19. A report analyzing how many products need to be sold to cover operating costs is not typically a managerial accounting report.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 20. A report analyzing the dollar savings of purchasing new equipment to speed up the production process is a managerial accounting report.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 21. A performance report that identifies the amount of employee downtime is a financial accounting report.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 22. Managerial accounting provides useful information to managers on product costs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 23. The payment of dividends is an example of a cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 24. A cost is a sacrifice made to obtain some benefit.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 25. Goods that are partway through the manufacturing process, but not yet complete, are referred to as materials inventory.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 26. The cost of a manufactured product generally consists of direct materials cost, direct labor cost, and factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 27. The cost of materials entering directly into the manufacturing process is classified as factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 28. The cost of wages paid to employees directly involved in converting materials to finished product is classified as direct labor cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 29. If the cost of employee wages is not a significant portion of the total product cost, the wages are classified as direct materials cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 30. For a construction contractor, the wages of carpenters would be classified as factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 31. For an automotive repair shop, the wages of mechanics would be classified as direct labor cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 32. Costs other than direct materials cost and direct labor cost incurred in the manufacturing process are classified as factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 33. Depreciation on factory plant and equipment is an example of factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 34. The cost of oil used to lubricate factory machinery and equipment is an example of a direct materials cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 35. If the cost of materials is not a significant portion of the total product cost, the materials may be classified as part of factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36. Factory overhead cost is sometimes referred to as factory burden.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 37. Conversion cost is the combination of direct labor cost and factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 38. Conversion cost is the combination of direct materials cost and factory overhead cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 39. Factory overhead is an example of a product cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 40. Direct labor costs are included in the conversion costs of a product.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 41. The costs of materials and labor that do not enter directly into the finished product are classified as factory overhead.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 42. The costs of materials and labor that do not enter directly into the finished product are classified as cost of goods sold.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 43. Indirect labor would be included in factory overhead.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 44. A cost object indicates how costs are related or identified.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 45. Direct costs can be specifically traced to a cost object.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 46. Indirect costs can be specifically traced to a cost object.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 47. Period (nonmanufacturing) costs are classified into two categories: selling and administrative.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 48. Prime costs are the combination of direct labor costs and factory overhead costs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 49. Prime costs are the combination of direct materials and direct labor costs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 50. Conversion costs are the combination of direct labor, direct material, and factory overhead costs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 51. Manufacturers use machinery and labor to convert direct materials into finished products.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 52. Period costs include direct materials and direct labor.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 53. Period costs can be found on both the balance sheet and the income statement.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 54. Product costs are not expensed until the product is sold.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 55. The plant manager’s salary in a manufacturing business would be considered an indirect cost.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 56. Operating expenses are product costs and are expensed when the product is sold.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 57. Period costs are operating costs that are expensed in the period in which the goods are sold.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 58. Factory overhead includes all manufacturing costs except direct materials and direct labor.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 59. Labor costs that are directly traceable to the product are part of factory overhead.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 60. Product costs include direct labor and advertising expense.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 61. Indirect labor and indirect materials would be part of factory overhead.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 62. Prime costs consist of factory overhead and direct labor.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| 63. Conversion costs consist of product costs and period costs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| 64. Prime costs consist of direct materials, indirect materials, and direct labor.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| 65. Only the value of the inventory that is sold will appear on the income statement.

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|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| 66. On the balance sheet for a manufacturing business, the cost of direct materials, direct labor, and factory overhead are categorized as either materials inventory, work in process inventory, or finished goods inventory.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| 67. The statement of cost of goods manufactured is an extension of the income statement for a manufacturing company.

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| 68. Lower utilization rates are considered favorable, while higher utilization rates are considered unfavorable.

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| 69. In order to be useful to managers, managerial accounting reports should possess all of the following characteristics **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | provide objective measures of past operations and subjective estimates about future decisions |
|   | b.  | be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles |
|   | c.  | be provided at any time management needs information |
|   | d.  | be prepared to report information for any unit of the business to support decision making |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 70. Which of the following is the primary criterion for the preparation of managerial accounting reports?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | relevance of the reports |
|   | b.  | manager needs |
|   | c.  | timing of the reports |
|   | d.  | cost of the reports |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 71. Which of the following is most associated with managerial accounting?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | must follow GAAP |
|   | b.  | may rely on estimates and forecasts |
|   | c.  | is prepared for users outside the organization |
|   | d.  | always reports on the entire entity |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 72. Which of the following is most associated with financial accounting reports?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | can have both objective and subjective information |
|   | b.  | can be prepared periodically, or as needed |
|   | c.  | prepared in accordance with GAAP |
|   | d.  | can be prepared for the entity or segment |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 73. Which of the following statements is false?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | There is no overlap between financial and managerial accounting. |
|   | b.  | Managerial accounting sometimes relies on past information. |
|   | c.  | Managerial accounting does not need to conform to GAAP. |
|   | d.  | Financial accounting must conform to GAAP. |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 74. Managerial accounting reports are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | prepared according to GAAP |
|   | b.  | prepared according to management needs |
|   | c.  | prepared periodically only |
|   | d.  | related to the entire business entity only |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 75. Which of the following individuals are charged with the responsibility for directing the day-to-day operations of a business?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | investors |
|   | b.  | managers |
|   | c.  | shareholders |
|   | d.  | customers |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 76. Which of the following are basic phases of the management process?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | supervising and directing |
|   | b.  | decision making and supervising |
|   | c.  | organizing and directing |
|   | d.  | planning and controlling |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 77. Which of the following terms is used to describe the process of monitoring operating results and comparing actual results with the expected results?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | improving |
|   | b.  | controlling |
|   | c.  | directing |
|   | d.  | planning |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 78. Accounting designed to meet the needs of decision makers inside the business is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | general accounting |
|   | b.  | financial accounting |
|   | c.  | managerial accounting |
|   | d.  | external accounting |

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| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 79. Which of the following terms is used to describe the process of developing the organization’s objectives and translating those into courses of action?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | supervising |
|   | b.  | planning |
|   | c.  | improving |
|   | d.  | decision making |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 80. The primary goal of managerial accounting is to provide information to

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | investors |
|   | b.  | creditors |
|   | c.  | management |
|   | d.  | external auditors |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 81. Which of the following is the principal reason for preparing managerial accounting reports?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | usefulness to management |
|   | b.  | cost of preparation |
|   | c.  | clarity |
|   | d.  | GAAP |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 82. Which of the following is **not** a characteristic of useful managerial accounting reports?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | accurate |
|   | b.  | GAAP—adhering |
|   | c.  | historical and estimated data |
|   | d.  | prepared as needed |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 83. Managers use managerial information for all of the following purposes **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | to evaluate the company’s stock performance |
|   | b.  | to analyze the performance of a company’s operations |
|   | c.  | to support long-term planning decisions |
|   | d.  | to determine the cost of manufacturing a product |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 84. Managerial accountants could prepare all of the following reports **except** a(n)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | performance report identifying amounts of scrap |
|   | b.  | control report comparing direct material usage over time |
|   | c.  | sales report targeting monthly sales and potential bonuses |
|   | d.  | annual report for external regulators such as the SEC |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 85. Which of the following would be least likely to be considered a managerial accounting report?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | report to analyze potential efficiencies and savings for the purchase of new production equipment |
|   | b.  | schedule of total manufacturing costs incurred |
|   | c.  | statement of cost of goods manufactured |
|   | d.  | statement of stockholders’ equity |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 86. Compute conversion costs given the following data: direct materials, $347,500; direct labor, $196,300; factory overhead, $187,900; and selling expenses, $45,290.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $543,800 |
|   | b.  | $187,900 |
|   | c.  | $731,700 |
|   | d.  | $384,200 |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 87. Which of the following is **not** true with regard to direct materials for a bakery?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | Flour and sugar would probably be direct materials. |
|   | b.  | Eggs would probably be a direct material. |
|   | c.  | Oil to lubricate factory machines would not be a direct material. |
|   | d.  | Paper cupcake liners, that become part of the product, must be accounted for as direct materials. |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 88. The cost of a manufactured product generally consists of which of the following costs?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct materials cost and factory overhead cost only |
|   | b.  | direct labor cost and factory overhead cost only |
|   | c.  | direct labor cost, direct materials cost, and factory overhead cost |
|   | d.  | direct materials cost and direct labor cost only |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 89. Which of the following must be true in order for materials to be classified as direct materials?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | They must be classified as both prime costs and conversion costs. |
|   | b.  | They must be introduced into the process in both work in process inventories and finished goods inventories. |
|   | c.  | They must be an integral part of the finished product, but can be an insignificant portion of the total product cost. |
|   | d.  | They must be an integral part of the finished product and be a significant portion of the total product cost. |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 90. Which of the following is an example of direct materials cost for an automobile manufacturer?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | cost of oil lubricants for factory machinery |
|   | b.  | cost of wages of assembly worker |
|   | c.  | salary of production supervisor |
|   | d.  | cost of interior upholstery |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 91. A plant manager’s salary is a(n)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct cost and an indirect cost |
|   | b.  | direct cost |
|   | c.  | indirect cost |
|   | d.  | period cost |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 92. If the cost of a direct material is a small portion of total production cost, it may be classified as part of

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct labor cost |
|   | b.  | selling and administrative costs |
|   | c.  | miscellaneous costs |
|   | d.  | factory overhead cost |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 93. The cost of wages paid to employees directly involved in the manufacturing process in converting materials into finished products is classified as

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory overhead cost |
|   | b.  | direct labor cost |
|   | c.  | miscellaneous costs |
|   | d.  | direct materials cost |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 94. Which of the following is an example of direct labor cost for a cell phone manufacturer?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | cost of oil lubricants for factory machinery |
|   | b.  | cost of wages of assembly worker |
|   | c.  | salary of plant supervisor |
|   | d.  | cost of phone components |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 95. Costs other than direct materials cost and direct labor cost incurred in the manufacturing process are classified as

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory overhead cost |
|   | b.  | miscellaneous expense |
|   | c.  | product costs |
|   | d.  | period cost |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 96. Which of the following is an example of a factory overhead cost?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | repair and maintenance cost on the administrative building |
|   | b.  | factory heating and lighting cost |
|   | c.  | insurance premiums on salespersons' automobiles |
|   | d.  | president's salary |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 97. Period costs include

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | current assets on the balance sheet |
|   | b.  | current liabilities on the balance sheet |
|   | c.  | operating costs that are shown on the income statement when products are sold |
|   | d.  | operating costs that are shown on the income statement in the period in which they are incurred |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 98. Another term for factory overhead is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | surplus |
|   | b.  | period cost |
|   | c.  | supervisory cost |
|   | d.  | factory burden |

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| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 99. Which of the following costs are conversion costs?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct labor cost and factory overhead cost |
|   | b.  | direct materials cost and direct labor cost |
|   | c.  | factory overhead cost |
|   | d.  | direct materials cost and factory overhead cost |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 100. Which of the following terms refers to the cost of changing direct materials into a finished manufactured product?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory overhead cost |
|   | b.  | period cost |
|   | c.  | conversion cost |
|   | d.  | direct labor cost |

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| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 101. Which of the following items would **not** be classified as part of factory overhead?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct labor used |
|   | b.  | amortization of manufacturing patents |
|   | c.  | production supervisors' salaries |
|   | d.  | factory supplies used |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 102. Which of the following is part of factory overhead cost?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | sales commissions |
|   | b.  | depreciation of factory equipment and machines |
|   | c.  | depreciation of sales person's vehicle |
|   | d.  | direct materials used |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 103. Which of the following manufacturing costs is an indirect cost of producing a product?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | oil lubricants used for factory machinery |
|   | b.  | commissions for sales personnel |
|   | c.  | hourly wages of an assembly worker |
|   | d.  | memory chips for a microcomputer manufacturer |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 104. All of the following could be considered a direct material **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | steel |
|   | b.  | fabric |
|   | c.  | glue |
|   | d.  | lumber |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 105. Prime costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct materials and factory overhead |
|   | b.  | direct materials and direct labor |
|   | c.  | direct labor and factory overhead |
|   | d.  | period costs and factory overhead |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 106. A product cost is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | expensed in the period in which the product is manufactured |
|   | b.  | shown with current liabilities on the balance sheet |
|   | c.  | shown with operating expenses on the income statement |
|   | d.  | expensed in the period the product is sold |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 107. Conversion costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct materials and direct labor |
|   | b.  | direct materials and factory overhead |
|   | c.  | factory overhead and direct labor |
|   | d.  | direct materials and indirect labor |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 108. Which of the following is **not** a prime cost?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | plant janitor’s wages |
|   | b.  | direct labor wages |
|   | c.  | machine operator wages |
|   | d.  | assembly line wages |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 109. Darwin Company reports the following information:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sales | $76,500 |
| Direct materials used |     7,300 |
| Depreciation on factory equipment |     4,700 |
| Indirect labor |     5,900 |
| Direct labor |   10,500 |
| Factory rent |     4,200 |
| Factory utilities |     1,200 |
| Sales salaries expense |   15,600 |
| Office salaries expense |     8,900 |
| Indirect materials |     1,200 |

​Product costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $24,500 |
|   | b.  | $30,300 |
|   | c.  | $29,200 |
|   | d.  | $35,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 110. Product costs

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | appear only on the balance sheet |
|   | b.  | appear only on the income statement |
|   | c.  | are expensed as costs are incurred for direct labor, direct materials, and factory overhead |
|   | d.  | appear on both the income statement and balance sheet |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 111. The following are all product costs **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct materials |
|   | b.  | sales and administrative expenses |
|   | c.  | direct labor |
|   | d.  | factory overhead |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 112. Indirect labor and indirect materials are classified as

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory overhead and product costs |
|   | b.  | factory overhead and period costs |
|   | c.  | operating costs and period costs |
|   | d.  | operating costs and product costs |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 113. An example of a period cost is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | advertising expense |
|   | b.  | indirect materials |
|   | c.  | depreciation on factory equipment |
|   | d.  | property taxes on plant facilities |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 114. Direct labor and direct materials are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | product costs and expensed when the goods are sold |
|   | b.  | product costs and expensed when incurred |
|   | c.  | period costs and expensed when incurred |
|   | d.  | period costs and expensed when the goods are sold |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 115. Indirect costs incurred in a manufacturing environment that cannot be traced directly to a product are treated as

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | period costs and expensed when incurred |
|   | b.  | product costs and expensed when the goods are sold |
|   | c.  | product costs and expensed when incurred |
|   | d.  | period costs and expensed when the goods are sold |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 116. Rent expense on a factory building would be treated as a(n)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | period cost |
|   | b.  | product cost |
|   | c.  | indirect cost |
|   | d.  | direct materials cost |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 117. Insurance expense incurred on a factory building would be treated as a

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | direct cost |
|   | b.  | period cost |
|   | c.  | product cost |
|   | d.  | selling cost |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Jensen Company reports the following:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Direct materials used | $345,000 |
| Direct labor incurred |   250,000 |
| Factory overhead incurred |   400,000 |
| Operating expenses |   175,000 |

​​ |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 118. Jensen Company’s period costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $345,000 |
|   | b.  | $250,000 |
|   | c.  | $400,000 |
|   | d.  | $175,000 |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 119. Jensen Company’s product costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $995,000 |
|   | b.  | $920,000 |
|   | c.  | $825,000 |
|   | d.  | $770,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 120. Which of the following is **not** a factory overhead cost?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | materials used directly in the manufacturing process of the product |
|   | b.  | insurance on factory equipment |
|   | c.  | salaries of production supervisors |
|   | d.  | property tax on factory building |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 121. Factory overhead includes

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory rent and direct labor |
|   | b.  | direct materials and direct labor |
|   | c.  | indirect materials and direct materials |
|   | d.  | indirect labor and indirect materials |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 122. Darwin Company reports the following information:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sales | $76,500 |
| Direct materials used |     7,300 |
| Depreciation on factory equipment |     4,700 |
| Indirect labor |     5,900 |
| Direct labor |   10,500 |
| Factory rent |     4,200 |
| Factory utilities |     1,200 |
| Sales salaries expense |   15,600 |
| Office salaries expense |     8,900 |
| Indirect materials |     1,200 |

​Period costs are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $24,500 |
|   | b.  | $30,300 |
|   | c.  | $29,200 |
|   | d.  | $35,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 123. All of the following are examples of indirect labor **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | maintenance personnel |
|   | b.  | janitorial personnel |
|   | c.  | machine operators |
|   | d.  | plant managers |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 124. Which of the following accounts will be found on the income statement?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | Inventory |
|   | b.  | Work in Process |
|   | c.  | Finished Goods |
|   | d.  | Cost of Goods Sold |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 125. Given the following data:​​Cost of materials used                       $45,000Direct labor costs                                48,000Factory overhead                                39,000Work in process, beginning                28,000Work in process, ending                     18,000Finished goods, beginning                 28,000Finished goods, ending                      18,000​What is cost of goods sold?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $152,000 |
|   | b.  | $142,000 |
|   | c.  | $10,000 |
|   | d.  | $128,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 126. Given the following data: ​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Beginning raw materials inventory | $30,000 |
| Materials purchased | 65,000 |
| Ending raw materials inventory | 40,000 |

​What is the amount of raw materials used?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $5,000 |
|   | b.  | $55,000 |
|   | c.  | $75,000 |
|   | d.  | $30,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 127. A company manufactured 50,000 units of a product at a cost of $450,000.  It sold 45,000 units at $15 each.  The gross profit is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $750,000 |
|   | b.  | $240,000 |
|   | c.  | $600,000 |
|   | d.  | $270,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 128. The following information is taken from the financial records of Gunner Manufacturing:​​Cost of materials used                 $45,000Direct labor costs                           48,000Factory overhead                           39,000Work in process, beginning           18,000Work in process, ending                28,000​​What is the cost of goods manufactured?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $178,000 |
|   | b.  | $132,000 |
|   | c.  | $122,000 |
|   | d.  | $142,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 129. Goods that are partially completed by a manufacturer are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | merchandise inventory |
|   | b.  | work in process inventory |
|   | c.  | finished goods inventory |
|   | d.  | materials inventory |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 130. The income statement for both a merchandiser and a manufacturer would include

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | operating expenses |
|   | b.  | direct materials |
|   | c.  | direct labor incurred |
|   | d.  | cost of goods manufactured |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 131. On the income statement of a manufacturing company, which of the following replaces purchases in the "Cost of goods sold" section of a retail company?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | finished goods |
|   | b.  | cost of merchandise available |
|   | c.  | cost of goods manufactured |
|   | d.  | work in process |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 132. Cost of goods sold for a manufacturer equals cost of goods manufactured plus

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | beginning work in process inventory less ending work in process inventory |
|   | b.  | ending work in process inventory less beginning work in process inventory |
|   | c.  | beginning finished goods inventory less ending finished goods inventory |
|   | d.  | ending finished goods inventory less beginning finished goods inventory |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 133. Given the following data:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Work in process, beginning | $14,000 |
| Work in process, ending | 20,000 |
| Direct labor costs | 4,000 |
| Cost of goods manufactured | 8,000 |
| Factory overhead | 8,000 |

​Direct materials used is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $2,000 |
|   | b.  | $4,000 |
|   | c.  | $8,000 |
|   | d.  | $14,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 134. Cost of goods manufactured is equal to

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | total manufacturing costs plus ending materials inventory less beginning materials inventory |
|   | b.  | cost of goods sold plus beginning work in process inventory less ending work in process inventory |
|   | c.  | total manufacturing costs plus ending work in process inventory less beginning work in process inventory |
|   | d.  | total manufacturing costs plus beginning work in process inventory less ending work in process inventory |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 135. Finished goods inventory is reported on the

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | income statement as a period cost |
|   | b.  | balance sheet as a long-term asset |
|   | c.  | balance sheet as a current asset |
|   | d.  | income statement as revenue |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 136. Beginning work in process is equal to

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | cost of goods manufactured plus ending work in process minus manufacturing costs incurred during the current period |
|   | b.  | cost of goods manufactured minus ending work in process plus manufacturing costs incurred during the current period |
|   | c.  | ending work in process plus manufacturing costs incurred during the current period |
|   | d.  | manufacturing costs incurred during the current period minus ending work in process |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 137. All of the following would be reported on the balance sheet as current assets **except**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | factory overhead |
|   | b.  | materials inventory |
|   | c.  | finished goods inventory |
|   | d.  | work in process inventory |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 138. Smith Company reports the following information:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Cost of goods manufactured | $68,250 |
| Direct materials used |   27,000 |
| Direct labor incurred |   25,000 |
| Work in process inventory, January 1 |   11,000 |

​Factory overhead is 75% of the cost of direct labor.  Work in process inventory on December 31 is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $16,250 |
|   | b.  | $8,500 |
|   | c.  | $18,750 |
|   | d.  | $13,500 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 139. At the beginning of the current year, Grant Company’s work in process inventory account had a balance of $30,000. During the year, $68,000 of direct materials were used in production, and $66,000 of direct labor costs were incurred. Factory overhead for the year amounted to $90,000. Cost of goods manufactured is $230,000. The balance in work in process inventory on December 31 is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $24,000 |
|   | b.  | $44,000 |
|   | c.  | $66,000 |
|   | d.  | $36,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 140. A company used $35,000 of direct materials, incurred $73,000 in direct labor cost, and had $114,000 in factory overhead costs during the period.  If beginning and ending work in process inventories were $28,000 and $32,000, respectively, the cost of goods manufactured was

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $218,000 |
|   | b.  | $226,000 |
|   | c.  | $190,000 |
|   | d.  | $222,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 141. Cost of goods manufactured during the year is $240,000, and work in process inventory on December 31 is $50,000. Work in process inventory during the year decreased by 60%.  Total manufacturing costs incurred are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $190,000 |
|   | b.  | $165,000 |
|   | c.  | $290,000 |
|   | d.  | $315,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 142. Work in process inventory on December 31 of the current year is $44,000. Work in process inventory increased by 60% during the year. Cost of goods manufactured amounts to $275,000. The total manufacturing costs incurred in the current year are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $291,500 |
|   | b.  | $302,000 |
|   | c.  | $275,750 |
|   | d.  | $233,750 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 143. Work in process inventory on December 31 is $42,000.  Work in process inventory decreased by 40% during the year.  Total manufacturing costs incurred amount to $260,000.  The cost of goods manufactured is

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $232,000 |
|   | b.  | $302,000 |
|   | c.  | $288,000 |
|   | d.  | $190,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 144. Work in process inventory increased by $20,000 during the current year.  Cost of goods manufactured was $180,000.  Total manufacturing costs incurred are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $198,000 |
|   | b.  | $160,000 |
|   | c.  | $189,000 |
|   | d.  | $200,000 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 145. Which of the following will **not** be found on the balance sheet of a manufacturing company?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | cost of goods sold |
|   | b.  | materials |
|   | c.  | work in process |
|   | d.  | finished goods |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 146. A company sells goods for $150,000 that cost $54,000 to manufacture.  Which of the following statements is true?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | The company will recognize sales on the balance sheet of $150,000. |
|   | b.  | The company will recognize $96,000 in gross profit on the balance sheet. |
|   | c.  | The company will decrease finished goods by $54,000. |
|   | d.  | The company will increase finished goods by $54,000. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 147. The cost of goods sold for Michaels Manufacturing in the current year was $233,000.  The January 1 finished goods inventory balance was $31,600, and the December 31 finished goods inventory balance was $24,200.  Cost of goods manufactured during the period was

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | $233,000 |
|   | b.  | $225,600 |
|   | c.  | $288,800 |
|   | d.  | $240,400 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 148. In the hotel industry, the occupancy rate is a measure of

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | risk |
|   | b.  | solvency |
|   | c.  | profitability |
|   | d.  | utilization |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 149. Nearly \_\_\_\_\_ of U.S. economic activity is represented by services.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | 40% |
|   | b.  | 50% |
|   | c.  | 60% |
|   | d.  | 80% |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 150. SunnyRest Hotel has 300 rooms. During the month of March, it had 7,200 guests, each staying a single night. The occupancy rate for SunnyRest Hotel for the month of March was closest to

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | 70% |
|   | b.  | 80% |
|   | c.  | 90% |
|   | d.  | 120% |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 151. ShadyPalms Hotel has 100 rooms. During the month of February, it had 500 guests, each staying 5 nights. The occupancy rate for ShadyPalms Hotel for the month of February (not a leap year) was closest to

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | 70% |
|   | b.  | 80% |
|   | c.  | 90% |
|   | d.  | 120% |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match each description below to the appropriate phase of the manufacturing process (a*–*e*).

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Planning |
| b.  | Directing |
| c.  | Controlling |
| d.  | Improving |
| e.  | Decision making |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 152. Used by managers for continuous improvement

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 153. Managers must decide how to respond to unfavorable performances

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | e |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 154. Used by management to develop the organization’s objectives and goals

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 155. Monitoring the operating results of implemented plans and comparing actual results to expected results

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 156. Process by which managers run day-to-day operations

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below for a lawn mower manufacturer to the type of cost (a–d)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Direct materials |
| b.  | Direct labor |
| c.  | Factory overhead |
| d.  | Nonmanufacturing cost |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 157. Wheels

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 158. Depreciation on worker's tools

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 159. Wages of assemblers

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 160. Grease for wheel axles

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below for a cake factory to the type of cost (a–c)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Prime cost |
| b.  | Conversion cost |
| c.  | Both prime cost and conversion cost |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 161. Frosting

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 162. Wages of the baker

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 163. Sprinkles for the topping (considered an indirect material)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 164. Depreciation on oven

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below to the type of cost (a–c)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Direct |
| b.  | Indirect |
| c.  | Neither direct nor indirect |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 165. Labor for machine maintenance

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 166. Factory equipment depreciation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 167. Materials not traceable to specific products

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 168. Office equipment depreciation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 169. Materials traceable to specific products

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 170. Insurance expired on administrative facilities

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 171. Product assembly labor incurred

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 172. Administrative office salaries

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 173. Salespersons' salaries

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 174. Utilities on factory building

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 175. Utilities on administrative facilities

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below to the appropriate term (a–d)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Direct materials |
| b.  | Selling and administrative expense |
| c.  | Factory overhead |
| d.  | Direct labor |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 176. Rent expense on factory building

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 177. Sales supplies used

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 178. Factory supplies used

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 179. Indirect materials used

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 180. Wages of assembly line personnel

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 181. Cost of primary material used to make a product

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 182. Depreciation on office equipment

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 183. Rent on office facilities

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 184. Insurance expired on factory equipment

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 185. Utilities incurred in the office

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 186. Advertising expense

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below for a cake factory to the type of cost (a or b)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Product cost |
| b.  | Period cost |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 187. Frosting

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 188. Baker's wages

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 189. Advertising fees

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 190. Transportation out

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below to the type of cost (a or b)*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Product cost |
| b.  | Period cost |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 191. Direct materials used

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 192. Factory utilities

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 193. Salespersons' commissions

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 194. Salary of plant manager

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 195. Indirect materials used

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 196. Depreciation on store equipment

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 197. Indirect labor incurred

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 198. Advertising expense

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 199. Direct labor incurred

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 200. Factory machinery repairs and maintenance

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 201. Depreciation on factory machinery

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 202. Plant insurance expired

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Match the items below for a bakery to the type of cost (a*–*d*).

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Direct materials |
| b.  | Direct labor |
| c.  | Factory overhead |
| d.  | Nonmanufacturing cost |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 203. Salesperson commissions

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 204. Factory rent

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 205. Depreciation expense—factory

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 206. Frosting

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 207. Baker’s wages

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 208. Depreciation expense—office

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 209. Cupcake mix

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 210. Sprinkles for decoration (indirect material)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *The following are some of the costs incurred by Cupcake Company. Identify them as either:*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Prime costs |
| b.  | Conversion costs |
| c.  | Both prime and conversion costs |
| d.  | Neither prime nor conversion costs |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 211. Salesperson commissions

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 212. Factory rent

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 213. Depreciation expense—factory

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 214. Frosting

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 215. Baker’s wages

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 216. Depreciation expense—office

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 217. Cupcake mix

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 218. Sprinkles for decoration (indirect material)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Bartel Corporation produces bar stools for restaurants. For each of the following, indicate whether the cost would typically be considered a direct or indirect cost for the cost object given.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Direct |
| b.  | Indirect |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 219. The production labor wages for the bar stool assemblers

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 220. The factory supervisor’s salary for the bar stool factory

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 221. Lubricants used on the bar stool manufacturing equipment

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 222. Manufacturing costs for wood and steel used in the bar stools

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 223. Nails and screws used in the production of the bar stools

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Bartow Company manufactures bicycles. For each of the following, indicate whether the cost would typically be considered a product or period cost for the cost object given.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a.  | Product |
| b.  | Period |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 224. Tires for the bicycles

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 225. Electricity costs to run the factory

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 226. Selling costs for the period

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 227. Delivery costs to take the bicycles to stores

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 228. Accountant salaries

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | b |

 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 229. Differentiate between financial and managerial accounting, addressing such issues as users, nature of information, guidelines for preparation, timeliness, and focus of reporting.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | Managerial Accounting | Financial Accounting |
| Users | Management | External users and company management |
| Nature of information |  Objective and subjective | Objective |
| Guidelines for preparation | Prepared according to management needs | Prepared according to GAAP  |
| Timeliness |  Prepared at fixed intervals and on an as-needed basis | Prepared at fixed intervals |
| Focus of reporting | Company as a whole or as a segment | Company as a whole |

 |

 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 230. What is decision making? Who is responsible for decision making in a managerial situation?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | Decision making is choosing among alternative actions. It is a component inherent in each of the other management processes of planning, directing, controlling, and improving. For example, in directing operations, managers must continually decide on an operating structure, training procedures, and staffing of day-to-day operations. |

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| 231. Differentiate between verticals and horizontals.

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| *ANSWER:* | Verticals are sometimes referred to as business units, because they are often structured as separate businesses within the parent company. These verticals normally develop products that are sold directly to customers. Verticals prepare their own income statements, also referred to as profit and loss (P&L) statements, which report their ongoing performance and profitability. Horizontals are departments within a company that are not responsible for developing products. The role of horizontals is to provide services to the various verticals and other horizontals. As such, horizontals do not report profit and loss (P&L) statements. Marketing, human resources, information technology, legal, facilities, accounting, and finance are normally horizontal departments within a company. |

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| 232. Differentiate between period and product costs and include examples of each type of cost.

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| *ANSWER:* | Period costs consist of selling and administrative expenses. Selling expenses are incurred in marketing the product and delivering the product to customers. Administrative expenses are incurred in managing the company and are not directly related to the manufacturing or selling functions. Selling expenses include advertising expenses, sales salaries expense, and commissions expense. Administrative expenses include office salaries expense, office supplies expense, and depreciation expense of the office building and equipment.​Product costs consist of manufacturing costs: direct materials, direct labor, and factory overhead. Direct materials are the materials that go into the production of the product. The direct materials for a bakery include flour, sugar, eggs, and shortening. Direct labor costs are the wages or salaries of the employees that are actually assembling the product. Factory overhead would include the salaries of production supervisors, depreciation, insurance, and taxes on the manufacturing building and equipment. |

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| 233. Differentiate between:a. direct materials versus indirect materialsb. direct labor versus indirect labor

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| *ANSWER:* | a. Direct materials must become a physical part of the finished product and their costs must be separately and conveniently traceable through the manufacturing process to finished goods inventory.  Examples include wood, leather, steel, etc.​Indirect materials become part of the finished product but their minor costs cannot conveniently be traced directly to particular finished products.  They are included as part of factory overhead.​b. Direct labor cost is the compensation of employees who physically convert materials into the company’s products and whose effort can be traced directly to finished goods inventory.  Examples include machine operators and assemblers.​Indirect labor is factory labor that is difficult to trace to specific products.  Instead, the cost is included in factory overhead.  Examples include forklift operators, janitors, and plant managers. |

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| 234. Putney Company reports the following information:​

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| --- | --- |
| Sales | $76,500 |
| Direct materials used |     7,300 |
| Depreciation on factory equipment |     4,700 |
| Indirect labor |     5,900 |
| Direct labor |   10,500 |
| Factory rent |     4,200 |
| Factory utilities |     1,200 |
| Sales salaries expense |   15,600 |
| Office salaries expense |     8,900 |
| Indirect materials |     1,200 |

​Compute:a. product costsb. period costs

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a. Product Costs = $7,300 + $4,700 + $5,900 + $10,500 + $4,200 + $1,200 + $1,200 = $35,000​b. Period Costs = $15,600 + $8,900 = $24,500 |

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| 235. The following information is available for Carter Corporation:1. Materials inventory decreased $4,000.2. Materials inventory on December 31 was 50% of materials inventory on January 1.3. Beginning work in process inventory was $145,000.4. Ending finished goods inventory was $65,000.5. Purchases of direct materials were $154,700.6. Direct materials used were 2.5 times the cost of direct labor.7. Total manufacturing costs incurred were $246,400, 80% of cost of goods manufactured and $156,000 less than cost of goods sold.​Compute:a. Finished goods inventory on January 1b. Work in process inventory on December 31c. Direct labor incurredd. Factory overhead incurrede. Materials inventory on January 1f. Materials inventory on December 31g. Direct materials used​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a. Cost of Goods Sold = $246,400 + $156,000 = $402,400     Cost of Goods Manufactured = $246,400/0.80 = $308,000     Finished Goods Inventory on January 1 = $402,400 + $65,000 – $308,000 = $159,400​b. Work in Process Inventory on December 31       $246,400 + $145,000 – $308,000 = $83,400​c. Direct Labor Incurred = $158,700 ÷ 2.5 = $63,480​d. Factory Overhead Incurred = $246,400 – $158,700 – $63,480 = $24,220​e. Materials Inventory on January 1      X = January 1 Materials Inventory      $4,000 = 0.5X      X = $8,000​f. Materials Inventory on December 31 = $8,000 – $4,000 = $4,000​g. Direct Materials Used = $8,000 + $154,700 – $4,000 = $158,700 |

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| 236. Zoe Corporation has the following information for the month of March. Determine the (a) cost of goods manufactured and (b) cost of goods sold.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Cost of materials placed in production | $69,000 |
| Direct labor | 27,000 |
| Factory overhead | 34,000 |
| Work in process, March 1 | 15,000 |
| Work in process, March 31 | 19,500 |
| Finished goods inventory, March 1 | 25,000 |
| Finished goods inventory, March 31 | 23,000 |

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| *ANSWER:* | a.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Beginning work in process inventory |   | $  15,000 |
| Direct materials | $69,000 |   |
| Direct labor | 27,000 |   |
| Factory overhead |   34,000 |   |
| Total manufacturing costs incurred |   |   130,000 |
| Total manufacturing costs |   | $145,000 |
| Less ending work in process inventory |   |     (19,500) |
| Cost of goods manufactured |   | $125,500 |

​b.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Finished goods inventory, March 1 | $  25,000 |
| Cost of goods manufactured |   125,500 |
| Cost of finished goods available for sale | $150,500 |
| Less finished good inventory, March 31 |    (23,000) |
| Cost of goods sold | $127,500 |

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| 237. Sienna Company has the following information for January:

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| --- | --- |
| Cost of materials used in production | $20,000 |
| Direct labor |   15,000 |
| Factory overhead |   24,000 |
| Work in process inventory, January 1 |     2,900 |
| Work in process inventory, January 31 |     3,500 |

​Determine the cost of goods manufactured.

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| *ANSWER:* |

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Beginning work in process inventory |   | $  2,900 |
| Direct materials | $20,000 |   |
| Direct labor | 15,000 |   |
| Factory overhead |   24,000 |   |
| Total manufacturing costs incurred |   |   59,000 |
| Total manufacturing costs |   | $61,900 |
| Less ending work in process inventory |   |    (3,500) |
| Cost of goods manufactured |   | $58,400 |

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| 238. Magnus Industries has the following data:

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| --- | --- |
| Beginning raw materials inventory | $75,000 |
| Materials purchased | 40,000 |
| Ending raw materials inventory | 60,000 |

​Determine the cost of raw materials used.

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | Raw Materials Used = $75,000 + $40,000 – $60,000 = $55,000 |

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| 239. Watson Company has the following data:

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| --- | --- |
| Work in process, beginning | $18,000 |
| Work in process, ending | 25,000 |
| Direct labor costs incurred | 5,000 |
| Cost of goods manufactured | 9,000 |
| Factory overhead | 7,000 |

​Determine the amount of direct materials used.

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| *ANSWER:* | Direct Materials Used = ($25,000 – $18,000 + $9,000) – ($7,000 + $5,000) = $4,000 |

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| 240. Laramie Technologies had the following data:​

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| --- | --- |
|  Cost of materials used |  $50,000 |
|  Direct labor costs   |  56,000 |
|  Factory overhead |  28,000 |
|  Work in process, beginning |  45,000 |
|  Work in process, ending |  32,000 |

​Determine the cost of goods manufactured.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | Cost of Goods Manufactured = $50,000 + $56,000 + $28,000 + ($45,000 – $32,000) = $147,000 |

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| 241. Keeton Company had the following data:​

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| --- | --- |
|  Cost of materials used |  $60,000 |
|  Direct labor costs |  58,000 |
|  Factory overhead |  33,000 |
|  Work in process, beginning |  29,000 |
|  Work in process, ending |  18,000 |
|  Finished goods, beginning |  32,000 |
|  Finished goods, ending |  18,000 |

​Determine the cost of goods sold.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | Cost of Goods Sold = $60,000 + $58,000 + $33,000 + ($29,000 – $18,000) + ($32,000 – $18,000) = $176,000 |

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| 242. Zoe Corporation has the following information for the month of March:

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| --- | --- |
| Purchases | $  92,000 |
| Materials inventory, March 1 | 6,000 |
| Materials inventory, March 31 | 8,000 |
| Direct labor | 25,000 |
| Factory overhead | 37,000 |
| Work in process inventory, March 1 | 22,000 |
| Work in process inventory, March 31 | 23,500 |
| Finished goods inventory, March 1 | 21,000 |
| Finished goods inventory, March 31 | 30,000 |
| Sales | 257,000 |
| Sales and administrative expenses | 79,000 |

​Prepare (a) a statement of cost of goods manufactured, (b) an income statement for the month ended March 31, and (c) the "Inventory" section of the balance sheet.

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| *ANSWER:* | a.

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| --- |
| Zoe Corporation |
| Statement of Cost of Goods Manufactured |
| For the Month Ended March 31 |
| Beginning work in process inventory, March 1 |   |   | ​$  22,000 |
| Direct materials: |   |   |   |
|     Beginning materials inventory | $  6,000 |   |   |
|     Purchases |  92,000 |   |   |
|     Cost of materials for use | $98,000 |   |   |
|     Less ending materials inventory |   (8,000) |   |   |
|         Cost of direct materials used |   | $90,000 |   |
| Direct labor |   | 25,000 |   |
| Factory overhead |   |  37,000 |   |
| Total manufacturing costs incurred |   |   |   152,000 |
| Total manufacturing costs |   |   | $174,000 |
| Less ending work in process inventory |   |   |    (23,500) |
| Cost of goods manufactured |   |   | $150,500 |

b.

|  |
| --- |
| Zoe Corporation |
| Income Statement |
| For the Month Ended March 31 |
|   |   |   |
| Sales |   | $257,000 |
| Cost of goods sold: |   |   |
|    Beginning finished goods inventory | $  21,000 |   |
|    Plus cost of goods manufactured |   150,500 |   |
|    Cost of finished goods available for sale | $171,500 |   |
|    Less ending finished goods inventory |    (30,000) |   |
|       Cost of goods sold |   | (141,500) |
| Gross profit |   | $115,500 |
| Operating expenses: |   |   |
|     Sales and administrative expenses |   | (79,000) |
| Net income |   | $ 36,500 |

c.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Inventories: |   |
|    Finished goods | $ 30,000  |
|    Work in process | 23,500  |
|    Materials |     8,000  |
|        Total inventories | $61,500  |
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| 243. The following data (in thousands of dollars) have been taken from the accounting records of Rayburn Corporation for the current year.​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sales | $1,980 |
| Selling expenses | 280 |
| Manufacturing overhead | 460 |
| Direct labor | 400 |
| Administrative expenses |   300 |
| Purchases of direct materials | 240 |
| Finished goods inventory, beginning | 240 |
| Finished goods inventory, ending | 320 |
| Direct materials inventory, beginning | 80 |
| Direct materials inventory, ending | 140 |
| Work in process inventory, beginning | 140 |
| Work in process inventory, ending | 100 |

​**Required:** a. What was the cost of the direct materials used in production during the year?b. What was the cost of goods manufactured for the year?c. What was the cost of goods sold for the year?d. What was the net income for the year?Present all calculations in thousands of dollars.

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| *ANSWER:* | ​a. The cost of the direct materials used in production during the year is determined as follows:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Direct materials inventory, beginning | $  80 |
| Purchases of direct materials | 240 |
| Less direct materials inventory, ending | (140) |
| Direct materials used in production | $180 |

​b. The cost of goods manufactured (finished) during the year is determined as follows:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Raw materials used in production | $  180 |
| Direct labor | 400 |
| Manufacturing overhead |     460 |
| Total manufacturing costs | $1,040 |
| Plus: Work in process inventory, beginning |     140 |
| Total manufacturing costs | $1,180 |
|  Less: Work in process inventory, ending |     (100) |
|  Cost of goods manufactured | $1,080 |

​c. The cost of goods sold for the year is determined as follows:​

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Finished goods inventory, beginning | $   240 |
| Cost of goods manufactured | 1,080 |
| Less: Finished goods inventory, ending |     (320) |
| Cost of goods sold | $1,000 |

​d. Net income for the year is determined as follows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Sales |   | $  1,980 |
| Cost of goods sold |   |   (1,000) |
| Gross profit |   | $     980 |
| Operating expenses: |   |   |
|   Administrative expenses | $300 |   |
|   Selling expenses |   280 |     (580) |
| Net income |   | $     400 |

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| 244. Allen Company used $71,000 of direct materials and incurred $37,000 of direct labor costs during the current year.  Indirect labor amounted to $2,700 while indirect materials used totaled $1,600.  Other operating costs pertaining to the factory included utilities of $3,100, maintenance of $4,500, supplies of $1,800, depreciation of $7,900, and property taxes of $2,600.  There was no beginning or ending finished goods inventory, but work in process inventory began the year with a $5,500 balance and ended the year with a $7,500 balance.​Prepare a statement of cost of goods manufactured.

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| *ANSWER:* | ​​​

|  |
| --- |
|  Allen Company    Statement of Cost of Goods Manufactured      For the Year Ended December 31 |
| Beginning work in process inventory |   |   | $   5,500 |
| Direct materials |   | $71,000 |   |
| Direct labor |   |   37,000 |   |
| Factory overhead: |   |   |   |
|      Indirect labor | $2,700 |   |   |
|      Indirect materials |   1,600 |   |   |
|      Utilities |   3,100 |   |   |
|      Maintenance |   4,500 |   |   |
|      Supplies |   1,800 |   |   |
|      Depreciation |   7,900 |   |   |
|      Property taxes | 2,600 |   24,200 |   |
| Total manufacturing costs incurred |   |   |   132,200 |
| Total manufacturing costs |   |   | $137,700 |
| Less ending work in process inventory |   |   |    (7,500) |
| Cost of goods manufactured |   |   | $130,200 |

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| 245. Davis Manufacturing Company had the following data:​

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | January 1 | December 31 |
| Accounts receivable | $27,000 | $33,000 |
| Materials inventory |   22,500 |     6,000 |
| Work in process inventory |   70,200 |   48,000 |
| Finished goods inventory |     3,000 |   15,000 |

​Collections on account were $625,000.Cost of goods sold was 68% of sales.Direct materials purchased amounted to $90,000.Factory overhead was 300% of the cost of direct labor.Compute:a. Sales revenue (all sales were on account)b. Cost of goods soldc. Cost of goods manufacturedd. Direct materials usede. Direct labor incurredf. Factory overhead incurred

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| *ANSWER:* | a. Sales Revenue = $33,000 + $625,000 – $27,000 = $631,000​b. Cost of Goods Sold = $631,000 × 0.68 = $429,080​c. Cost of Goods Manufactured = $15,000 + $429,080 – $3,000 = $441,080​d. Direct Materials Used = $22,500 + $90,000 – $6,000 = $106,500​e. Direct Labor Incurred = $441,080 + $48,000 – $70,200 = $418,880 Total Manufacturing Costs Added    $418,880 – $106,500 = $312,380    $312,380 = Factory Overhead + Direct Labor    Let X = Direct Labor    3X + X = $312,380    4X = $312,380    Direct Labor = $78,095​f. Factory Overhead Incurred = $78,095 × 3 = $234,285 |

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| 246. Taylor Industries had a fire and some of its accounting records were destroyed.  Available information is presented below for the year ended December 31.

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| Materials inventory, December 31 | $  15,000 |
| Direct materials purchased |   28,000 |
| Direct materials used |   22,900 |
| Cost of goods manufactured | 135,000 |

​Additional information:Factory overhead is 150% of direct labor cost.Finished goods inventory decreased by $18,000 during the year.Work in process inventory increased by $12,000 during the year.Determine:a. Materials inventory, January 1b. Direct labor costc. Factory overhead incurredd. Cost of goods sold

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| *ANSWER:* | a. Materials Inventory, January 1 = $15,000 + $22,900 – $28,000 = $9,900​b. Direct Labor Cost = $135,000 + $12,000 = $147,000 Total Manufacturing Costs    $147,000 – $22,900 = $124,100 Direct Labor and Factory Overhead    Let X = Direct Labor Cost    X + 1.5X = $124,100    2.5X = $124,100    Direct Labor = $49,640​c. Factory Overhead Incurred = $49,640 × 1.5 = $74,460​d. Cost of Goods Sold = $135,000 + $18,000 = $153,000 |

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